Indian Women Blog @indianwomenblog · 13h
We open the chat with @kNOWVAWdata to discuss how pandemics such as #COVID19 trigger an increase in #genderviolence and how the data on violence can guide a more coordinated response from the governments and social groups. Join us in next 10 minutes.

Indian Women Blog @indianwomenblog · 13h
Replying to @indianwomenblog
We welcome @Henriya and @kNOWVAWdata into our live chat to understand how #GenderData collected during the pandemic can help shape better policies & programmes to #EndVAW in post-Covid world.

kNOWVAWdata @kNOWVAWdata · 13h
Replying to @indianwomenblog and @Henriya
Thank you for including us in this important discussion. We are delighted to have the opportunity to join you. @kNOWVAWdata works to build the capacity of countries across @AsiaPacific to measure the prevalence of #ViolenceAgainstWomen.

Indian Women Blog @indianwomenblog · 13h
Opening the chat, could you please talk about how pandemics such as #COVID19 trigger an increase in violence and sexual exploitation against women and girls worldwide? #GBV
kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 13h
Some emerging data (mainly from #GenderBasedViolence service providers & media reports) indicate intimate partner violence is increasing during #COVID19, as is health-sector workplace violence & greater risk of exploitation/abuse for vulnerable women workers generally. 1/n

kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 13h
While some of these reports indicate that calls to violence hotlines, police & shelters have increased during the pandemic, other sources show that calls, reports & use of services decreased. Data from service providers have always been hard to interpret even before #COVID19. 2/n

kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 13h
#ViolenceAgainstWomen surveys (pre #COVID19) show in many countries less than 10% of women living w/ violence seek help. A change in help-seeking doesn't usually reflect a change in violence prevalence. Thus data from service providers can't be used as a proxy for prevalence. 3/n

kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 13h
But we do expect violence to increase & be more severe now, as w/ other emergencies, esp. since #COVID19 confinement measures cause tensions at home & affect ability to generate income, access services & social networks, etc. Many women cannot leave home to escape violence. 4/n

Indian Women Blog @indianwomenblog · 13h
You tweeted recently that in countries with existing #VAWdata, patterns from past surveys can help direct response resources during #COVID19. Could you please elaborate on how the data can be used efficiently during the lockdown and prevent the violence before it takes place?

kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 13h
The only source of reliable data on #ViolenceAgainstWomen prevalence is surveys that interview a statistically representative sample of women. These tell us how many women experience violence, where, how often, risk factors/triggers and if & where women seek help, or why not. 5/n

kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 13h
Under lockdown, survey interviewers can’t go to households. Many phone interviews can’t be done in private, putting women at further risk, and making them less likely to disclose violence honestly. Survey data collected during #COVID19 may hugely underestimate the problem. 6/n
Instead, data from past surveys can be used during #COVID19 to inform where & which women are typically most at risk, where they get help from & barriers to getting help. These data tend to be underused but are rich sources of robust & precise info that can help women now.

We can also map & safely interview service providers operating during #COVID19 for qualitative data to inform where & how support resources are needed most. E.g. Lockdown impact to services; available helplines/shelters/protection orders; or change in service usage patterns.

Exploring it further, how could the data on violence been used to plan a more gender-sensitive #lockdown #genderviolence?

This needs more attention in many places! Since we know a large proportion of women is affected by violence, here are some ideas for a more gender-sensitive #COVID19 response. Governments could exempt survivors of #DomesticViolence from restrictive measures to stay home.

Other ideas: If shelters for women experiencing violence are full or closed, make alternative options available. And establish safer ways for violence survivors & witnesses to report incidents (e.g. pharmacies as safe places, as in France & Spain: cnn.it/359wU8x).

Women are using code words at pharmacies to escape domestic violence... On Sunday, a woman walked into a pharmacy in the French city of Nancy, one of the few public places still open after the government...
Indian Women Blog @indianwomenblog · 13h
How can the data on violence guide a more coordinated response from the governments and organizations working towards #EndVAW? Where does this coordinated action fail now during the #pandemic?

kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 12h
During #COVID19 we are working with governments & other organizations to inform them about the risks & value of data collection, what they should and should not do. There is a lot of pressure to collect #COVID19 #GenderData. @UNFPAAsia @UNFPAIndia 1/n

kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 12h
Many new players in this field do not understand #GenderBasedViolence dynamics and challenges around the data collection of violence. This results in risks for women and data that misrepresent the size of the problem, thus undermining its importance. @unfpaasia @unfpaindia 2/n

Surbhi @surbhi_ihbrus · 12h
Thank you for the enriching discussion. I have a question for @kNOwVAWdata and @Henriya - how do we collect data on VAW ethically even during a state of pandemic and global emergency? @Prof_Sivakami

Henriette Jansen @Henriya · 12h
We believe no data should be collected if it puts women’s safety at risk. That is especially true with #COVID19. And we think reliable data on what happened during the pandemic (stats/prevalence rates) can be measured when we can resume prevalence surveys safely & in private.1/n

Henriette Jansen @Henriya · 12h
But we can map & safely interview service providers operating during #COVID19 for qualitative data to inform where & how support resources are needed most. E.g. Lockdown impact to services; available helplines/shelters/protection orders; or change in service usage patterns. n/n

kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 13h
Ultimately, public health policy & #COVID19 response must uphold #GenderEquality & #HumanRights, including how we collect & report #ViolenceAgainstWomen data. In doing so, we will have better outcomes in tackling this pandemic and others in the future. @unfpaasia @unfpaindia n/n
How would you access India's response to #EndVAW during the pandemic?

8:07 PM · Apr 27, 2020 · Twitter Web App

1 Retweet

@kNOwVAWdata · 12h
Replying to @indianwomenblog @Henriya and 3 others
While @kNOwVAWdata works on #ViolenceAgainstWomen data throughout the #AsiaPacific region, we are not currently directly involved in data collection activities ongoing in #India. But our colleagues at @unfpaasia are heavily involved in #COVID19 response. @unfpaasia 1/n

@kNOwVAWdata · 12h
That said, the Government of #India has issued clear advisories to all states to ensure continuity of 1-stop service centres, 181-women help lines & the institutional machinery for implementing laws relevant to addressing #ViolenceAgainstWomen & girls. @unfpaasia @unfpaindia 2/n

@kNOwVAWdata · 12h
#India's Ministry of Women & Child Development has been reaching out to its functionaries through online trainings on different aspects of preventing & addressing #ViolenceAgainstWomen & girls, including psychosocial counseling, legal support & violence referrals. @unfpaindia 3/n

@kNOwVAWdata · 12h
And civil society groups in #India are also actively compiling and disseminating information about helplines and organizing training sessions on tele-counseling services for responding to #ViolenceAgainstWomen and girls. @UNFPAAsia @UNFPAINdia 4/n
As the #COVID19 situation on the ground continues to change, response efforts in #India will need to be attuned to the changing dynamics & all actors will need to collaborate/coordinate to ensure an effective response to #ViolenceAgainstWomen and girls. @UNFPAAsia @UNFPAINdia

What does #genderdata say about impact of the #pandemics on marginalised communities worldwide and particularly in India?

The impacts of #COVID19 will likely magnify deep-rooted forms of discrimination and inequalities, including #GenderInequality, & increase vulnerability of groups that have traditionally faced discrimination, such as people with disabilities, migrants & refugees. @unfpaasia

#GenderDiscrimination may reduce funding to women’s groups & #GenderBasedViolence service providers. In the 2008 global financial crisis, stimulus/austerity measures impacted #DomesticViolence shelters & resulted in funding cuts to women’s orgs in many countries. @UNFPAasia

With #COVID19 we are also seeing gender impacts in terms of loss of income & livelihoods and increased gender gaps in the economy, with women concentrated in informal work & affected sectors, and lacking workplace protections. @unfpaasia @unfpaindia

There’s increased risk of harmful practices due to economic shock & hardship of the crisis, which could exacerbate the low value of girls. And #COVID19 response & policies may further exclude women & other marginalized groups from decision-making during crisis & recovery.

The crisis is likely to have longer term negative consequences on women’s health and wellbeing, safety and security & economic participation & empowerment. This is why it is so important to have a gender analysis both on the impact of the pandemic & on response measures.
Adding to the wonderful question by @surbhi_ihbrus, please talk about challenges arising while collecting information on women's experiences of violence.

8:27 PM · Apr 27, 2020 · Twitter Web App

1 Retweet

We can't conduct #VAW prevalence surveys during #COVID19 which requires interviewing women at their homes in private. This is nearly impossible during lockdown measures. If we did interview women, others may hear which puts women at further risk. 1/n

We can also expect that because of this situation, women may not share their true experiences of violence. That means the survey data collected during #COVID19 may hugely underestimate the problem and give a false impression of women's reality, undermining its importance. 2/n
kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 12h
We must ask about the trends we see in administrative data reports and the media: are these a sign of increased violence? Maybe. Or is there a shift in women seeking help? Or is it both? 3/n
@UNFPAasia @UNFPAIndia @DVSW_Unimelb @ANROWS

kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 12h
In some contexts, access & use of shelters & other services for survivors has gone down, & thus reported numbers have gone down. This is due to the lockdown & is not a sign of decreased violence. Hence we need to talk to the service providers to understand what is happening. n/n

Surbhi @surbhi_ihbrus · 12h
Thank you @kNOwVAWdata and @Henriya! Certainly important to remember that no situation justifies unethical collection of data.

Indian Women Blog @indianwomenblog
Replying to @kNOwVAWdata @surbhi_ihbrus and 7 others

Closing this insightful chat, UN Secretary-General @antonioguterres has called on governments to "put women and girls at the centre of efforts to recover from #COVID19." What should be at the center of these efforts, in your opinion?

8:36 PM · Apr 27, 2020 · Twitter Web App

1 Retweet 1 Like

kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 12h
Replying to @indianwomenblog @surbhi_ihbrus and 8 others
Adaptive, flexible and innovative approaches are needed to provide continued access to #GenderBasedViolence services for survivors during #COVID19 and always. In line with Secretary General @antonioguterres's words, we see the following priorities: 1/n @UNFPAasia @UNFPAIndia
kNOWVAWdata @kNOWVAWdata · 12h
1) Ensure #GBV services are considered as essential services in #COVID19 emergency response plans
2) Adapt essential, lifesaving GBV services to remote delivery modalities
3) Provide updated and accurate referral information on available & accessible GBV response services ...

kNOWVAWdata @kNOWVAWdata · 12h
And 4) Strengthen capacity of front line staff on psychological first aid and referral to #GenderBasedViolence services. n/n

@UNFPAasia @UNFPAIndia

Indian Women Blog @indianwomenblog · 12h
Thank you so much for this knowledgeable and powerful chat that has set the priorities straight - to support the vulnerable communities during these testing times. We wish you all the best for your meaningful work. Together we can #EndVAW

kNOWVAWdata @kNOWVAWdata · 12h
Thank you so much for the chance to talk about how #COVID19 changes the way we collect, analyse and use #ViolenceAgainstWomen data. We are honoured to have been part of this conversation.

@UNFPAasia @UNFPAIndia @Henriya
Sivakami Muthusamy @Prof_Sivakami

Replying to @kNOwVAWdata @indianwomenblog and 2 others

I have a question to @kNOwVAWdata @Henriya, how do we trace women from the earlier survey data as the identifiers are not traceable for safety and ethical reasons?

8:05 PM · Apr 27, 2020 · Twitter for Android

2 Likes

Henriette Jansen @Henriya · 13h

Replying to @Prof_Sivakami @kNOwVAWdata and 2 others

Hi @Prof_Sivakami. We cannot trace women from survey data. It is meant to aggregate data for the popn. The respondents are promised confidentiality. It is only at the end of the survey interview that women are given information on support services, or referred if they want so.

1 Like

Sivakami Muthusamy @Prof_Sivakami · 13h

Absolutely, I understand that. That's why I was wondering how we can use earlier survey data during COVID-19, or any pandemic situation.

1 Like

Indian Women Blog @indianwomenblog · 13h

Thank you for the great question
Indian Women Blog
@indianwomenblog

Replying to @kNOwVAWdata @surbhi_ihbhus and 8 others

Thank you so much for this knowledgeable and powerful chat that has set the priorities straight - to support the vulnerable communities during these testing times. We wish you all the best for your meaningful work. Together we can #EndVAW

8:47 PM · Apr 27, 2020 · Twitter Web App

1 Retweet 3 Likes

kNOwVAWdata @kNOwVAWdata · 12h

Replying to @indianwomenblog @surbhi_ihbhus and 8 others

Thank you so much for the chance to talk about how #COVID19 changes the way we collect, analyse and use #ViolenceAgainstWomen data. We are honoured to have been part of this conversation.

@UNFPAasia @UNFPAlndia @Henriya
You Retweeted
Henriette Jansen @Henriya · 12h
Just finished an hour-long twitter chat with @indianwomenblog on what @kNOwVAWdata and @UNFPAasia advise on collection and use of #VAWdata and #genderdata to understand the impact of #COVID19 and to guide responses. For the entire interview please see the thread below.

 Indies Indian Women Blog @indianwomenblog · 14h
We open the chat with @kNOwVAWdata to discuss how pandemics such as #COVID19 trigger an increase in #genderviolence and how the data on violence can guide a more coordinated response from the governments and social groups. Join us in next 10 minutes.
Show this thread

You Retweeted
Dr Ingrid Wilson @ingridmwilson · 12h
Good tweet chat on ethics of VAW data collection during pandemics with @kNOwVAWdata

 Indies Indian Women Blog @indianwomenblog · 14h
We open the chat with @kNOwVAWdata to discuss how pandemics such as #COVID19 trigger an increase in #genderviolence and how the data on violence can guide a more coordinated response from the governments and social groups. Join us in next 10 minutes.
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